

INTERACTIVE PRE-PROGRAMMED VOICE RESPONSE SYSTEM

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FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates generally to telephone systems and, more particularly, to telephone systems for responding to incoming calls.

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BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Telephones are among the most commonly used devices for communication between individuals, both in business and for personal endeavors. The advent of cellular telephones has resulted in an explosion in growth for such systems. Often, however, calls are received at times and in situations either inconvenient or impossible for an immediate response by the recipient.

Several devices are available for addressing special situations. In particular, "voicemail" is available for those times when an individual is either using his telephone, is not available to answer, or chooses not to answer. In these cases, the caller is transferred to a system wherein he may leave a voice message which is recorded and stored for the recipient's later review and possible response. The recipient accesses those messages left for him typically by dialing a special number and then entering his telephone number and/or personal password.

Disruptions due to calls from telemarketing companies have also become commonplace. The recipient of such calls often does not desire to receive or respond to them. One solution is to direct the caller to a pre-recorded message once the nature of the call has been identified. The time the recipient is directly involved with the call is then minimized, as he may hang up once he has directed the call to the pre-recorded message.

Telephone paging systems are also available. Pagers require that the caller first place a call to the recipient's paging system telephone number and then enter the telephone number to which the caller wishes the recipient to respond. The caller's telephone number is then displayed on the recipient's paging device for the recipient's immediate or later use. The recipient can be notified of the presence of a caller's telephone number on his pager by either an audio signal or by a silent means which is typically a vibration. Voice systems, as opposed to visual displays, are also available for conveying the caller's telephone number, but are more disruptive in group situations, as for example a meeting. Such systems, provide a means for call notification with minimal disruptions. However, they address only calls made to the recipient's pager, not calls made directly to the recipient's telephone.

Another method which can be used specifically with cellular telephones is to silence the ringer. When an incoming call is received, the recipient is notified of its existence via some silent means, as for example by a visual device such as a flashing light or by a vibrating device. The recipient can then move to a more convenient location to answer the call. However, in the process the recipient has been inconvenienced by the necessity to change locations and calls may be lost due to the time required for the transfer of locations.

None of these solutions, however, effectively addresses situations wherein the recipient wishes to establish some level of immediate communication with the caller without having to leave his present location and extricate himself from the situation in which he is involved. In particular, the recipient may receive an important call to which he wishes to respond while in a meeting. To answer the call and/or leave the meeting would result in an unnecessary disruption to either himself or to the other participants in the meeting. Thus, there is a need for an apparatus which would fulfill such needs.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

5 The present patent document relates to a novel apparatus and method for
responding to incoming calls in a communication system, as for example a telephone
system. Apparatus and techniques disclosed herein are especially useful in those cases
necessitating minimal disruptions such as meetings and other group situations. Previous
methods for responding to such calls do not effectively address such conditions. With
representative embodiments of the system disclosed herein, the telephone user can
10 respond to the caller immediately with selectable, personalized, pre-recorded messages
such as "This is a recorded message. I can hear you, but I am in a situation where I can't
speak directly with you right now. Please stay on the line until I can move to a location
where I can."; "This is a recorded message. I can hear you, but I am in a situation where
I can't speak directly with you right now. I will call you back later."; "This is a recorded
15 message. I can hear you, but I am in a situation where I can't speak directly with you
right now. If you have important information for me, please tell me now."; or "Thank
you. I will call you back as soon as I can." Messages can also be prerecorded for
anticipated, specialized situations. In the following detailed description and in the several
figures of the drawings, like elements are identified with like reference numerals.

20 A primary advantage of the embodiments as described in the present patent
document over prior systems is that this system provides a telephone user the opportunity
to establish immediate communication with the caller without having to leave his present
location and extricate himself from the situation in which he is involved. In particular,
the recipient may receive an important call to which he wishes to respond while in a
25 meeting. To answer the call and/or leave the meeting would result in an unnecessary
disruption to either himself or to the other participants in the meeting. With the system
disclosed herein, the telephone user can respond to the caller immediately with pre-
recorded messages. The system comprises three modes, (1) record, (2) review, and (3)
respond modes.

30 Other aspects and advantages of the present invention will become apparent from

the following detailed description, taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, illustrating by way of example the principles of the invention.

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BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

5 The accompanying drawings provide visual representations which will be used to more fully describe the invention and can be used by those skilled in the art to better understand it and its inherent advantages. In these drawings, like reference numerals identify corresponding elements and:

Figure 1 is a drawing of an interactive pre-programmed voice response system as described in various representative embodiments of the present patent document.

10 Figure 2 is a flowchart of operations in the interactive pre-programmed voice response system as described in various representative embodiments of the present patent document.

Figure 3 is another flowchart of operations in the interactive pre-programmed voice response system as described in various representative embodiments of the present patent document.

15 Figure 4 is yet another flowchart of operations in the interactive pre-programmed voice response system as described in various representative embodiments of the present patent document.

20 Figure 5 is still another flowchart of operations in the interactive pre-programmed voice response system as described in various representative embodiments of the present patent document.

Figure 6 is an additional flowchart of operations in the interactive pre-programmed voice response system as described in various representative embodiments of the present patent document.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

As shown in the drawings for purposes of illustration, the present patent document relates to a novel apparatus and method for responding to incoming calls in a communication system, as for example a telephone system. Apparatus and techniques disclosed herein are especially useful in those cases necessitating minimal disruptions such as meetings and other group situations. Previous methods for responding to such calls do not effectively address such conditions. With representative embodiments of the system disclosed herein, the telephone user can respond to the caller immediately with selectable, personalized, pre-recorded messages such as "This is a recorded message. I can hear you, but I am in a situation where I can't speak directly with you right now. Please stay on the line until I can move to a location where I can."; "This is a recorded message. I can hear you, but I am in a situation where I can't speak directly with you right now. I will call you back later."; "This is a recorded message. I can hear you, but I am in a situation where I can't speak directly with you right now. If you have important information for me, please tell me now."; or "Thank you. I will call you back as soon as I can." Messages can also be prerecorded for anticipated, specialized situations. In the following detailed description and in the several figures of the drawings, like elements are identified with like reference numerals.

1. Representative Embodiment of Apparatus:

Figure 1 is a drawing of an interactive pre-programmed voice response system 100 as described in various representative embodiments of the present patent document. In figure 1, a telephone 105, also referred to herein more generally as a voice communication device 105, comprising a telephone receiver 110 and a telephone control circuit 115. The receiver 110 comprises a listening mechanism, not shown in the figures, for converting electronic signals into audio signals so that the call recipient can listen to incoming calls and a voice detection device, not shown in the figures, for converting the recipient's voice and other audio signals into electronic signals for transmission. The

telephone **105** is connected to a telephone line **120** over which the telephone messages are transmitted between a caller who places a call to and a recipient who uses the telephone **105** shown in figure 1. The telephone line **120** interconnects the telephone **105** with a communication system, not shown in the figures, which is capable of conveying voice communication signals. In the representative embodiment disclosed herein the communication system is a telephone system.

In a representative embodiment, the voice response system **100** comprises a system control circuit **125**, a store/playback device **135**, a memory **140**, and a display **160** for display of information related to the voice response system **100**, as for example a synopsis of one of the prerecorded messages, an error message, a command issued to the system, system status, and/or other information related to the system. In an alternative embodiment, the display **160** is omitted and in another embodiment the display **160** is replaced by the telephone's display. The system control circuit **125** comprises a command/response circuit **130** which controls a message record circuit **145**, a message review circuit **150**, a message response circuit **155**. The system control circuit **125** receives control commands from the telephone control circuit **115** and selects whether the voice response system **100** is in a message record mode, a message review mode, or a message response mode. The command/response circuit **130** routes commands from the telephone control circuit **115** to the message record circuit **145**, the message review circuit **150**, and the message response circuit **155**, as well as routing responses from the store/playback device **135** to the telephone **105**, associated visual synopses of the responses to the display **160**, and error messages to the display **160**. In message record mode, the telephone user can record messages which can then be reviewed in review mode and used in response mode. The system control circuit **125** is in communication with the telephone control circuit **115** and receives control signals from it or some other device. The system control circuit **125** may be in communication with the telephone control circuit **115** via a wireless connection or hard wired connection. The control signals can be originated, for example, by the telephone user pressing pre-determined combinations of switches or buttons, as for example push-buttons, on the telephone **105**. The telephone **105** may be, for example, a cellular phone or other wireless telephone. It

may also be a fixed phone wired directly to the telephone system. Any of the above mentioned telephones may be a push-button, rotary phone, or other device. The system control circuit **125** is connected to the message record circuit **145**, the message review circuit **150**, and the message response circuit **155**.

5 When the voice response system **100** is placed in message record mode, the message record circuit **145** determines, in response to signals received from the telephone control circuit **115**, which location in the memory **140** that the message is stored by the store/playback device **135**. The message record circuit **145** is also used, again in response to signals received from the telephone control circuit **115**, to initiate and end the
10 recording of the message being recorded. The message record mode is also used to record a visual message for display on the display **160** as a visual indicator to the telephone user as to which message is located in which memory location. Memory locations are selected via selections made typically on the telephone control circuit **115**.

 When the voice response system **100** is placed in message review mode, the
15 message record circuit **145** determines, in response to signals typically received from the telephone control circuit **115**, which message stored in the memory **140** will be reviewed. The message to be reviewed is retrieved from memory and played back via the store/playback device **135** to the telephone control circuit **115** which in turn passes it onto the receiver **110** allowing the telephone user to listen to the message which had been
20 previously recorded. The synopsis of the message can be displayed on the display **160** before, during and/or after play back of the message being reviewed. The message record circuit **145** can also be used, again in response to signals received from the telephone control circuit **115**, to terminate review of the message.

 When the voice response system **100** is placed in message response mode, the
25 message response circuit **155** determines, in response to signals received from the telephone control circuit **115**, when and which message stored in the memory **140** will be played back. The message to be played back is retrieved from memory and played back via the store/playback device **135** to the telephone control circuit **115** which in turn passes it onto the caller via the telephone line **120** and the receiver **110** allowing the
30 telephone user to also listen to the message which is being sent to the caller as a response

to his telephone call. In representative embodiments, the visual synopsis or other indicator of the message chosen is displayed on the display 160.

5 **2. Flow Charts of Operations:**

Figure 2 is a flowchart of operations in the interactive pre-programmed voice response system 100 as described in various representative embodiments of the present patent document. Figure 2 represents an overall view of the operations which the voice response system 100 performs in the representative embodiment.

10 In block 205 the interactive pre-programmed voice response system 100 is activated. Typically at this point, the display 160 will display a message requesting the telephone user to select a system mode to activate. Block 205 then transfers control to block 210.

15 In block 210 the telephone user enters a process command. The process command entered by the telephone user instructs the system control circuit 125 as to which mode - i.e., the message record mode, the message review mode, or the message respond mode - it is to activate or it may instruct the system to deactivate itself. Upon activation in an alternative representative embodiment, the voice response system 100 may automatically enter one of the three modes, as for example the message response mode of block 235 below, without the telephone user entering the process command of block 210. Block 210 then transfers control to block 215.

20 In block 215, the system control circuit 125 checks the validity of the command received from the telephone control circuit 115. When an invalid command is received, a message to that effect and requesting a new command is displayed on the display 160 and control is returned to block 210. Otherwise, block 215 then transfers control to block 220.

25 When command to deactivate the system is received by the system control circuit 125, block 220 transfers control to block 225. Otherwise, block 220 transfers control to block 230.

30 In block 225, the voice response system 100 is deactivated. The telephone 105

then functions as it normally would without the voice response system **100**.

When the process command entered in block **210** instructed the system control circuit **125** to activate the response mode, block **230** transfers control to block **235**. An expansion of the functions comprising block **235** is found in figure 6. Otherwise, block **230** transfers control to block **240**. An expansion of the functions comprising block **240** is found in figure 3 and subsequently in figures 4 and 5.

When control is transferred to block **235** and when the functions of block **235** are completed, control is transferred from block **235** back to block **210**.

When control is transferred to block **240** and when the functions of block **240** are completed, control is transferred from block **240** back to block **210**.

Figure 3 is another flowchart of operations in the interactive pre-programmed voice response system **100** as described in various representative embodiments of the present patent document. Figure 3 is an expansion of the functions comprising block **240** of figure 2.

In block **305** the telephone user enters a second process command. The process command initially entered by the telephone user instructs the system control circuit **125** as to which of the message record mode or the message review mode to enter, or the process command entered in block **305** may instruct the system to exit whichever of the message record mode or message review mode the system is in. In another representative embodiment, the process command entered in block **210** instructs the system as to whether to enter the message record mode or the message review mode. In which case blocks **305**, **310**, and **315** are bypassed upon entering block **240**. Block **305** then transfers control to block **310**.

In block **310**, the system control circuit **125** checks the validity of the command received from the telephone control circuit **115**. When an invalid command is received, a message to that effect and requesting a new command is displayed on the display **160** and control is returned to block **305**. Otherwise, block **310** then transfers control to block **315**.

When command to exit whichever of the message record mode or message review mode the system is in is entered in block **305**, block **315** transfers control to block **210** of

10 In block 405, the telephone user selects the memory location for storing the message to be recorded in the following blocks. In an optional embodiment, the memory location is automatically determined by the voice response system 100. Block 405 then transfers control to block 410.

In block 415, the telephone user records the message. Block 415 then transfers control to block 420.

Figure 5 is still another flowchart of operations in the interactive pre-programmed voice response system **100** as described in various representative embodiments of the present patent document. Figure 5 is an expansion of the functions comprising block **330** of figure 3.

In block **510**, the telephone user reviews the message selected in block **505**. This review typically comprises listening to the recorded message and/or reading the associated visual message displayed on the display. Block **510** then transfers control to

block 330 of figure 3 which subsequently transfers control to block 305.

Figure 6 is an additional flowchart of operations in the interactive pre-programmed voice response system as described in various representative embodiments of the present patent document. Figure 6 is an expansion of the functions comprising block 235 of figure 2.

In block 605 the telephone user listens to a voice message from an incoming call. Block 605 then transfers control to block 610.

In block 610, the telephone user selects a particular pre-recorded message with which to respond to the caller. Block 610 then transfers control to block 615.

In block 615, the telephone user typically reviews on the display 160 the synopsis of the pre-recorded response message that he has selected. Block 615 then transfers control to block 620.

When the response selected is acceptable to the user, block 620 transfers control to block 625.

In block 625, the telephone user sends the pre-recorded response selected in block 610. Block 625 then transfers control to block 235 of figure 2 which subsequently transfers control to block 210.

In other representative embodiments, the display is used to display the synopsis of stored response messages prior to their actual transmission to the caller. The telephone user is provided the opportunity to reject a selected message and select an alternative message prior to transmission to the caller.

3. Summary:

In summary, an interactive pre-programmed voice response system has been disclosed herein in representative embodiments. A primary advantage of the embodiments as described in the present patent document over prior systems is that this system provides a telephone user the opportunity to establish immediate communication with the caller without having to leave his present location and extricate himself from the

situation in which he is involved. In particular, the recipient may receive an important call to which he wishes to respond while in a meeting. To answer the call and/or leave the meeting would result in an unnecessary disruption to either himself or to the other participants in the meeting. With the system disclosed herein, the telephone user can respond to the caller immediately with pre-recorded messages such as "This is a recorded message. I can hear you, but I am in a situation where I can't speak directly with you right now, but please stay on the line until I can move to a location where I can."; "This is a recorded message. I can hear you, but I am in a situation where I can't speak directly with you right now. I will call you back later."; "This is a recorded message. I can hear you, but I am in a situation where I can't speak directly with you right now. If you have important information for me, please tell me now."; "Thank you. I will call you back as soon as I can."; or some similar response.

While the present invention has been described in detail in relation to representative embodiments thereof, the described embodiments have been presented by way of example and not by way of limitation. It will be understood by those skilled in the art that various changes may be made in the form and details of the described embodiments resulting in equivalent embodiments that remain within the scope of the appended claims.